

**V. Stage 5 – Re-evaluation and Separation**

A. The nature of this stage, Col 3:1-4

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B. The need of this stage, 2 Kings 2:1-6

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C. The results of this stage, John 15:19, Col 3:9-10, 1 Pet 4:1-4, Rom 13:14, Phil 4:19, 1 Cor 9:22, Matt 28:18-20, Eph 3:10-11,21; Phil 3:3; Rom 7:14-25

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D. The biblical examples of the stage, Gen 32, Exod 33, Gen 22, John 6:66-71

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D. The practical applications of this stage

Stage 6 takes 6 months – just like stage 2

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**VII. Stage 7 – Consecration and World Vision**

A. The nature of this stage

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B. The major lessons learned in this stage, Phil 3:3, 1 Cor 2:1-5, 2 Cor 4:5-7, Gal 5:16,24-25, Josh 5:10-12, Phil 2:5; 1 Cor 2:16; Rom 12:2

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C. The principles from the ministry of the Lord Jesus Christ

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D. When the disciple grows to this stage, a natural world vision is produced; he is now equipped to stand on his own and follow God’s leadership anywhere in the world.

**VIII. Review and overview****A. A summary of the discipleship process:**

1. Stage 1 – Repentance. A change occurs in one’s life when he trusts Jesus Christ as his Saviour.

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2. Stage 2 – Enlightenment. Once that change becomes a reality in his life, the disciple begins learning who Jesus Christ really is and how his life in Christ is different.

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3. Stage 3 – Ministry Training. As he learns more about the Lord Jesus Christ, the disciple begins getting involved in the work of the Lord.

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4. Stage 4 – Development of Leadership. As the disciple learns and participates more in ministry, he will begin to lead others in the same process.

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5. Stage 5 – Re-evaluation and Separation. Leadership in the Lord’s work demand a time of testing to prove the true commitment and motives of the disciple.

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6. Stage 6 – Participation in Ministry Leadership. Those potential leaders who stand the testing will then step out and assume their leadership roles, putting into practice the decisions made during their testing.

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7. Stage 7 – Consecration and World Vision. Leadership in ministry becomes a lifestyle where the individual is committed and equipped to carry on the work of the Lord without need of any further discipleship on a human level.

**B. Biblical examples of a properly completed discipleship process**

1. The Great Commission – Jesus Christ and His apostles

In five places: Matt 28:18-20; Mark 16:15-20; Luke 24:46-53; John 20:21 + 21:15-17; Acts 1:1-9

2. Paul’s final words to Timothy – 2 Tim 4:1-2,5

3. The process of Biblical discipleship is the literal fulfillment of 2 Timothy 2:2







## D2 Phase 2 The Biblical Stages of Spiritual Growth



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### Self-evaluation

**What should I have learned from this section?**

*1. Give a brief overview of the seven stages of biblical discipleship.*

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*2. Briefly explain the two major purposes of the first coming of the Lord Jesus Christ.*

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*3. Briefly explain how discipleship fits into the overall goals of the church of Jesus Christ.*

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*4. What stage of discipleship do I believe I am in now?*

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*5. Am I where I should be? \_\_\_\_\_  
If not, why, and how can I get on track? If so, how can I keep on track?*

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*6. If I am discipling someone else, how can I use this pattern to help me meet their needs better?*

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**Key verses to commit to memory:**

2 Timothy 2:2; Psalm 119:105; John 20:21; Matthew 28:18-20